Guide

# DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN

This project is supported by the government of Québec/Secrétariat à la condition féminine





## DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN

A **collective action** is an action cooked up and carried out by a group of people to get the public, political authorities, or businesses to act in a certain way. Groups generally conduct collective actions as part of broader campaigns.

Example: The 16 days of activism to put an end to gender-based violence (November 25 to December 10) in which Oxfam was part of a worldwide campaign. More at: <u>www.facebook.com/sayenoughcampaign</u>

**DEVELOPING A PLAN WILL HELP YOU PUT YOUR IDEAS IN ORDER AND IN WORDS.** It's a key opportunity for your group to discuss your goals and how you want to go about achieving them.

This guide lists the steps to take and provides some tested resources for organizing and measuring a collective action. Note that in practice the steps are interconnected, so they can't really be tackled one at a time.



For more information, check out these videos: <u>The Keys to Influence</u> (En) and <u>L'étoile tactique</u> (Fr).



#### **QUICK REFERENCE**

Your action plan HAS TO:

- > Target a change
- > Be based on **compelling facts**
- > Involve a call to action
- Have S.M.A.R.T. objectives
- Speak to the authorities and individuals with power over the issue that concerns you

Your action plan SHOULD:

- > Be intersectional
- > Target multiple sectors:
  - The public sector (politics)
  - The private sector (corporations and media)
  - The social and community sector
- Be carried out at an opportune time (e.g., symbolic date, favourable media landscape)

1 Acknowledgement: This collective action plan is based on the model action plan of the <u>Amplify</u> project and <u>Citoyenneté Jeunesse</u>.





#### WHAT DO YOU WANT TO CONTRIBUTE TO CHANGING?

Example: To eliminate fatphobia in the community.

#### WHAT SPECIFIC PROBLEM DO YOU WANT TO SOLVE?

Think of what you can do in the **short term** to make things better.

Example: People around me have a negative and false idea (rooted in prejudices) about people they consider fat.

#### WHAT CAN BE DONE TO ALLEVIATE THE PROBLEM?

Is the action you're considering **intersectional**? Have you factored in the perspectives of people who aren't like you?

Example: Organizing an awareness campaign in your CÉGEP to get students and teachers thinking about their prejudices and the effects their words can have.



#### TO CHANGE WHAT YOU WANT TO CHANGE, WHAT OBJECTIVES DO YOU WANT TO ACHIEVE WITH THIS COLLECTIVE ACTION?

List your objectives in the space below. Begin each objective with an <u>action verb</u> and make sure it's **specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, and time-related** (S.M.A.R.T.).

Example (in French): <u>CÉAF women's centre postering</u> <u>campaign to fight street harassment</u>

### To know to what extent you have achieved an objective:

- Make your objectives quantifiable (e.g., a gender-balanced government with women occupying 50% of decision-making positions).
- Profile the situation before and after your action!

#### **Objective 1**

**Objective 2** 

**Objective 3** 

#### WHAT ARE YOUR CALLS TO ACTION?

**GENERAL PUBLIC (ON MEDIA AND SOCIAL MEDIA)**: Your key messages must motivate people to take action. What action do you want people to take to help solve the problem you've identified?

**DECISION MAKERS**: Your advocacy must demand that decision-makers take concrete action. What decision are you demanding that they make? Do the people you're talking to have the power to make that decision?

Call to action General public

Call to action Decision-makers



4/ GUIDE — DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN / OXFAM-QUÉBEC





#### WHAT FORMAT WILL YOU USE FOR YOUR CALLS TO ACTION?

TARGET AUDIENCE	APPROPRIATE ACTIONS (e.g., awareness video, oral advocacy, etc.)

## **TARGETS AND ALLIES**



#### WHO IS BEING ADDRESSED BY YOUR CALLS TO ACTION? WHO CAN HELP YOU ACHIEVE YOUR OBJECTIVES?

**DECISION MAKERS**: List only people who have the power to do what you want done (important: get those people's contact information).

ALLIES: List allied individuals, groups, and organizations that will pass on your demands or support your actions.

DECISION MAKERS	

ALLIES		





6 / GUIDE - DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN / OXFAM-QUÉBEC



#### **MEASURE THE IMPACT:**

• As far as possible, record who you reached with your collective action.

	SOCIAL MEDIA					
Platforms used	Which publications got the greatest response?	What was important? Number of views, likes, shares, and comments?	Who are your allies? Who gave your materials visibility?			
Facebook						
Instagram						
Twitter						
Linkedin						
TikTok						
Other						
Other						
the state of the	Estimated number of people	who viewed your materials	≣ŧŧ			

7 / GUIDE - DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN / OXFAM-QUÉBEC

TRADITIONAL AND DIGITAL MEDIA				
Outlet name	Title of published article	Publication date	Link to publication	Estimated audience

8 / GUIDE - DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN / OXFAM-QUÉBEC

DECISION-MAKERS				
Name of individual	Position	Corporate action	Action or commitments	
	(E.g., Provincial deputy of XXX, name of the political party)	(E.g., emailing, meeting)	How does the action bring about change?	
* 				

#### **ASSESS THE ACTION**

Record any effects of the collective action you see as significant, the challenges you encountered (and possibly overcame), and what you learned along the way.

# Significant effects Challenges encountered, overcome or not Lessons learned 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3

#### WHAT HAVE YOU GAINED?

#### **OTHER REMARKS?**

10 / GUIDE – DRAFTING A COLLECTIVE ACTION PLAN / OXFAM-QUÉBEC	

#### THIS DOCUMENT WAS DEVELOPED BY OXFAM-QUÉBEC AS PART OF THE GÉNÉRATION INCLUSION PROJECT.

The projet has been carried out in partnership with:













This project is supported by the government of Québec/Secrétariat à la condition féminine





